

Local Emphasis Programs

- Fall hazards
- Trenching



List of Potential Citations

- 1926.20(b)(1)
- 1926.20(b)(2)
- 1926.21(b)(1)
- 1926.100(a)
- 1926.102(a)(2)
- 1926.304(i)(1)
- 1926.403(a)
- 1926.403(b)(1)
- 1926.403(b)(2)
- 1926.404(b)(1)(i)
- 1926.404(f)(6)
- 1926.405(b)(2)
- 1926.405(g)(2)(iii)
- 1926.416(e)(1)
- 1926.451(b)(1)
- 1926.451(b)(2)
- 1926.451(c)(2)
- 1926.451(c)(2)(v)
- 1926.451(c)(3)
- 1926.451(f)(3)
- 1926.451(f)(7)
- 1926.451(g)(1)
- 1926.451(g)(4)(i)
- 1926.451(h)(2)(ii)
- 1926.454(a)
- 1926.454(b)
- 1926.501(b)(13) or 501.(b)(1)
- 1926.503(a)(1)
- 1910.178(l)(1)(i)
- 1910.178(l)(6)
- 1910.178(m)(5)(i)



List of Potential Citations

- 1926.20(b)(1) – Accident prevention programs
- 1926.20(b)(2) – Frequent and regular inspections
- 1926.21(b)(1) – Instruction in recognition of unsafe conditions
- 1926.100(a) – Personal protective equipment
- 1926.651(d)(1) – High-visibility clothing
- 1926.651(h)(1) – Accumulation of water within excavation
- 1926.651(j)(2) – protection from falling material
- 1926.651(k)(1) – Daily inspection of excavation by competent person
- 1926.652(a)(1) – Cave in protection



Confined Space in Construction

1926.1201 – 1926.1213



Confined space means a space that:

- 1. Is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter it;
- 2. Has limited or restricted means for entry and exit; and
- 3. Is not designed for continuous employee occupancy.



Permit-required confined space has one or more of the following characteristics:

- potential to contain a hazardous atmosphere;
- Contains a material that has the potential for engulfing an entrant;
- internal configuration that could trap or asphyxiate and entrant by inwardly converging walls or by a floor that slopes downward and tapers to a smaller cross section
- Contains any other recognized serious safety or health hazard



Roles for entry

- Host Employer
- **Controlling Contractor**
- Entry supervisor
- Entrant
- Attendant
- Rescue and emergency services

Entry Employer

- any employer who decides that an employee it directs will enter a permit space
- **Note:** An employer cannot avoid the duties of the standard merely by refusing to decide whether its employees will enter a permit space, and OSHA will consider the failure to so decide to be an implicit decision to allow employees to enter those spaces if they are working in the proximity of the space.

Step one - 1926.1203(a)

- Before it begins work at a worksite, each employer must ensure that a **competent person** identifies all confined spaces in which one or more of the employees it directs may work, and identifies each space that is a permit space, through consideration and evaluation of the elements of that space, including testing as necessary.

Keeping unauthorized workers out!

- **1926.1203(b)(1)** Inform exposed employees by posting danger signs or by any other equally effective means, of the existence and location of, and the danger posed by, each permit space; and

Note: A sign reading "DANGER-PERMIT-REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE, DO NOT ENTER" or using other similar language would satisfy the requirement.

- **1926.1203(b)(2)** Inform, in a timely manner and in a manner other than posting, its employees' authorized representatives and the controlling contractor of the existence and location of, and the danger posed by, each permit space.



Questions?

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